## Earth and the Solar System

## Multiple-Choice Assessment

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
Directions: Read each question carefully. Fill in the correct answer circle.

1. What is at the center of our solar system?
(A) the Earth
(B) the sun
(C) the moon
(D) the Milky Way
2. Earth travels in $\mathrm{a}(\mathrm{n})$
(A) round orbit.
(B) circular orbit.
(C) spherical orbit.
(D) elliptical orbit.
3. One complete Earth orbit of the sun is called
(A) a completion.
(B) an evolution.
(C) a rotation.
(D) a revolution.
4. How long does it take for the Earth to orbit the sun?
(A) about one month
(B) about 24 hours
(C) about 365 days
(D) none of these
5. The Earth rotates on its
(A) poles.
(B) axis.
(C) magnetic field.
(D) equator.

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## Multiple-Choice Assessment (cont.)

6. How long does it take for the Earth to make one complete rotation?
(A) 24 hours
(B) 365 days
(C) 27 days
(D) 1 year
7. How far is the moon from Earth?
(A) 93 million miles
(B) 100 miles
(C) no one really knows for sure
(D) 238,000 miles
8. What is the moon?
(A) a large asteroid
(B) a small planet
(C) a natural satellite
(D) a comet
9. What are moon phases?
(A) the parts of the moon that we can see from Earth
(B) the parts of the moon that effect the tides
(C) the evolution of the moon
(D) all of these
10. What does the moon look like during the new-moon phase?
(A) crescent-shaped
(B) barely visible
(C) half-moon
(D) full moon

# Earth and the Solar System <br> Multiple-Choice Assessment (cont.) 

11. What happens during high tide?
(A) ocean water gets saltier
(B) ocean water gets warmer
(C) ocean water rises
(D) ocean water falls
12. Which force causes tides?
(A) lunar force
(B) gravitational force
(C) solar force
(D) friction force
13. In what year did people first land on the moon?
(A) 1969
(B) 1999
(C) 1949
(D) 1989
14. How many planets are in our solar system?
(A) ten
(B) five
(C) nine
(D) eight
15. Which of the following is not considered to be a planet in our solar system?
(A) Neptune
(B) Mars
(C) Pluto
(D) Uranus

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## Multiple-Choice Assessment (cont.)

16. What is one AU?
(A) 238,000 miles
(B) 1 light-year
(C) 1 miles
(D) 93 million miles
17. Which planet is the farthest from the sun?
(A) Neptune
(B) Uranus
(C) Mercury
(D) none of these
18. What is Pluto called?
(A) a meteorite
(B) a dwarf planet
(C) a planet
(D) an asteroid
19. A small chunk of rock that orbits the sun is called
(A) a comet.
(B) a meteorite.
(C) a meteor.
(D) an asteroid.
20. Where is the asteroid belt located?
(A) between Mercury and Venus
(B) between Earth and Mars
(C) between Mars and Jupiter
(B) around the planet Saturn

# Earth and the Solar System <br> Multiple-Choice Assessment (cont.) 

21. What is one difference between a comet and an asteroid?
(A) an asteroid is made of ice; a comet is made of rock
(B) an asteroid orbits the sun; a comet orbits the moon
(C) an asteroid is made of rock; a comet is made of ice
(D) none of these
22. What is the center of a comet called?
(A) the nucleus
(B) the tail
(C) the coma
(D) the core
23. What is the coma of a comet made of?
(A) ice
(B) iron
(C) evaporated dust and gas
(D) nickel
24. A small asteroid is called
(A) a comet.
(B) a meteor.
(C) a meteorite.
(D) a meteoroid.
25. A meteor that falls to Earth is called a
(A) meteoroid.
(B) meteorite.
(C) crater.
(D) meteor shower.
